AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

(Currently Amended) A method of managing stored <u>creating a quick</u> recovery volume of a primary volume of data in a storage management system, the storage management system including a storage manager, a media agent connected to the storage manager, and a primary volume connected to the media agent, the method comprising:

performing a snapshot operation, wherein performing the snapshot operation includes:

quiescing the primary volume of data:

taking a first snapshot of the primary volume of datain-accordance with a predefined-policy, the policy-comprising one or more parameters for creating a quick recovery volume:

after the first snapshot is taken, dequiescing the primary volume of data; and

indexing the first snapshot by associating respective information <u>relating to</u> <u>individual files within the primary volume of data</u> with the <u>first</u> snapshot; and

taking a second snapshot, in accordance with the predefined policy;

performing a copy operation, wherein the copy operation is performed after the primary volume is dequiesced and includes:

selecting the first or-second-snapshot for-copying-as a source of data to

copy to a quick recovery volume, wherein the quick recovery

volume includes information about an application that created the

data of the primary corresponding quick-recovery-volume;

parsing the data to be copied to the quick recovery volume;

logically addressing the data to be copied to the quick recovery volume,

performing a block-level copy of the <u>parsed and logically addressed data</u>

<u>of the selected first</u> snapshot to the corresponding quick recovery volume; and

deleting the selected snapshot after the block-level copy is complete.

(Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising;

displaying the snapshets-first snapshot to a user, wherein displaying the first snapshot includes displaying information associated with an application that created data tracked by the first snapshot.

- (Currently Amended) The method as-recited-in-of_claim 2, wherein the
 displaying further-the first snapshot includes displaying at least one of a respective-date
 of creation of each-the first snapshot, a respective-persistence of each-the_snapshot,
 and a respective-location of each-the_snapshot.
 - 4. (Canceled)
 - (Canceled)
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method as-recited in of claim 5 claim 1, further comprising:
 - displaying to a user a respective one of the snapshots in a screen the first snapshot to a user via a screen corresponding to the respective application that created the data of the primary volume.

7. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in elaim-4claim 1, further comprising:

- enabling the presenting a user to select a least one of the snapshots for restoration one or more files created by the application that created the data of the primary volume; and
- restoring the at least one snapshot selected by the userreceiving a selection from the user to restore the file:

suspending access to the guick recovery volume:

restoring the selected file via the guick recovery volume; and

reinstating access to the guick recovery volume.

8. (Canceled)

- (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising:
 - taking a second snapshot of the primary volume of data, wherein the second snapshot only tracks changes to the primary volume of data after the first snapshot was taken; and
 - deleting a snapshot after a defined period of timeselecting the second snapshot as the source of data changed after the first snapshot was taken to copy to the quick recovery volume.

10-13. (Canceled)

- 14. (Currently Amended) A method for periodically copying changing data on a primary volume, the method comprising:
 - capturing-performing a first snapshot of data in a primary volume-in-accordance with-a-predefined-policy, wherein the first snapshot being-tracks a-block level-copy of the data in blocks of the primary volume; and

associating application specific information to the first snapshot,

the policy comprising one or more parameters for creating a quick recovery volume:

- storing the first snapshot and the associated application specific information to a destination volume, wherein storing the first snapshot and the associated application specific information creates a copy of the primary volume that facilitates a logical connection between the first snapshot of the data and an application that created the data;
- in accordance with at least a second criteria specified in the policy, monitoring for a change in any one of the blocks stered in tracked by the first snapshot; and
- storing a sepy of performing a second snapshot of a particular block when the monitoring determines that there was a change in the particular block from after the first snapshot was performed; and
- selecting the first snapshot for copying to a corresponding quick recovery volume: and.
- performing a block-level copy of the selected snapshot to the corresponding storing the second snapshot to the quick-recovery destination volume.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method as—recited—in—of_claim 14, further comprising:
 - producing a copy of the primary volume using the first snapshot and any copies of blocks that changed after the first snapshot, after at least one block has changed since-after the first snapshot was performed.
 - 16. (Canceled)
- 17. (Currently Amended) A method of managing stored data in a storage management system, the storage management system including a storage manager, a

media agent connected to the storage manager, and a primary volume connected to the media agent, the method comprising:

- taking <u>performing</u> a first-snapshot of the primary volume—in accordance with a predefined policy, the <u>policy</u> comprising—one—or—more parameters for creating a quick recovery volume <u>wherein the snapshot tracks data blocks</u> of the primary volume;
- identifying characteristics associated with the first-snapshotdata blocks tracked by the snapshot; and
- storing the characteristics in an index that associates the data blocks of the primary volume with portions of the snapshot that track the data blocks;
- selecting the first-snapshot-for-copying the data blocks tracked by the snapshot to a corresponding-quick-recovery-destination_volume_via_the_snapshot; and.
- performing a block-level copy of the selected snapshot to the corresponding quick recovery volume, deleting the snapshot; and

storing the index to the destination volume.

18-22. (Canceled)